First Regular Session Seventy-third General Assembly STATE OF COLORADO

PREAMENDED

This Unofficial Version Includes Committee Amendments Not Yet Adopted on Second Reading

LLS NO. 21-0680.02 Jacob Baus x2173

SENATE BILL 21-199

SENATE SPONSORSHIP

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Senate CommitteesState, Veterans, & Military Affairs Appropriations

House Committees

A BILL FOR AN ACT

101 CONCERNING MEASURES TO REMOVE BARRIERS TO CERTAIN PUBLIC OPPORTUNITIES.

Bill Summary

(Note: This summary applies to this bill as introduced and does not reflect any amendments that may be subsequently adopted. If this bill passes third reading in the house of introduction, a bill summary that applies to the reengrossed version of this bill will be available at http://leg.colorado.gov.)

The bill repeals existing provisions that require a person to demonstrate the person's lawful presence in the United States to be eligible for certain public benefits and requires that lawful presence is not a requirement of eligibility for state or local public benefits, as defined by 8 U.S.C. sec. 1621.

The bill amends statutory provisions that still require lawful

presence to clarify acceptable documents to demonstrate eligibility. The general assembly shall not allocate additional funding to any state or local public benefit program for this purpose for fiscal year 2021-22. However, starting for fiscal year 2022-23, any additional funding required for a state or local public benefit program for this purpose is subject to the standard budget process for the applicable program.

Current law prohibits a state agency or political subdivision from entering into or renewing a public contract with a contractor who knowingly employs or contracts persons who are undocumented. The bill repeals that requirement and associated statutory provisions.

Current law requires that state agencies and local governments use secure and verifiable identity documents when providing services or issuing official documents. The bill repeals that requirement and associated statutory provisions.

1	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado:
2	SECTION 1. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-76.5-103, add
3	(3)(a.5) as follows:
4	24-76.5-103. Verification of lawful presence - exceptions -
5	reporting - rules. (3) Verification of lawful presence in the United
6	States is not required:
7	(a.5) FOR ANY PURPOSE THAT LAWFUL PRESENCE IS NOT REQUIRED
8	BY LAW, ORDINANCE, OR RULE TO RECEIVE BENEFITS PURSUANT TO A
9	FEDERAL STIMULUS LAW OR RULE;
10	SECTION 2. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal and reenact,
11	with amendments, article 76.5 of title 24 as follows:
12	ARTICLE 76.5
13	Access to Public Benefits
14	24-76.5-101. Legislative declaration. (1) THE GENERAL
15	ASSEMBLY FINDS AND DECLARES THAT:
16	(a) PEOPLE WHO IMMIGRATED TO THE UNITED STATES AND LIVE IN
17	COLORADO ARE ESSENTIAL MEMBERS OF OUR COMMUNITIES;

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1	(b) EVERY DAY, THE STATE BENEFITS FROM THE CONTRIBUTIONS
2	OF UNDOCUMENTED IMMIGRANTS TO OUR SOCIETY. IMMIGRANTS HOLD
3	JOBS THAT ARE CRITICAL TO OUR ECONOMY AND COMMUNITIES, AND IN
4	SOME INDUSTRIES COMPRISE MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE WORKFORCE.
5	IMMIGRANTS MAKE OUR TOURISM INDUSTRY RUN; BUILD OUR BUILDINGS;
6	LAY OUR ROADS; PROVIDE IN-HOME CARE TO OUR SENIORS, CHILDREN, AND
7	PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES; BRING FOOD TO OUR TABLES; AND BRING FOOD
8	TO OUR DOORSTEPS.
9	(c) IMMIGRANTS COMPRISE OVER NINE PERCENT OF COLORADO'S
10	POPULATION AND CONTRIBUTE TO THE ECONOMY THROUGH THE LABOR
11	FORCE AND AS CONSUMERS AND TAXPAYERS. IN 2019, IMMIGRANTS IN
12	COLORADO PAID ALMOST SIX BILLION DOLLARS IN LOCAL, STATE, AND
13	FEDERAL TAXES. IN COLORADO, UNDOCUMENTED IMMIGRANTS PAY
14	NEARLY TWO HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS IN FEDERAL
15	TAXES AND MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED FIFTY MILLION DOLLARS IN STATE
16	AND LOCAL TAXES ANNUALLY.
17	(d) These hardworking Coloradans are diverse and are
18	OFTEN A PART OF A MIXED-STATUS FAMILY. IN COLORADO:
19	$(I)\ Theestimatedpopulationofundocumentedimmigrants$
20	IS ONE HUNDRED SIXTY-TWO THOUSAND, AND THIS NUMBER REPRESENTS
21	APPROXIMATELY EIGHT PERCENT OF CHILDREN UNDER SIXTEEN YEARS OF
22	AGE;
23	(II) ADDITIONALLY, AN ESTIMATED TWO HUNDRED SEVENTY-SIX
24	THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED EIGHTY-NINE COLORADANS LIVE WITH A
25	FAMILY MEMBER WHO IS AN UNDOCUMENTED IMMIGRANT, INCLUDING ONE
26	HUNDRED THIRTY THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED FIFTY-EIGHT CHILDREN; AND
27	(III) CHILDREN FROM IMMIGRANT FAMILIES ARE

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1	DISPROPORTIONATELY	MORE	LIKELY	TO	BE	FROM	A	LOW-INCOME
2	HOUSEHOLD.							

(e) The 2006 special legislative session facilitated the PASSAGE OF ANTI-IMMIGRANT LEGISLATION THAT LEFT BEHIND IMMIGRANT FAMILIES, CITIZEN FAMILIES EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS, AND PERSONS FLEEING FROM DOMESTIC VIOLENCE WITHOUT THE NECESSARY PUBLIC BENEFITS, INCLUDING PROFESSIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES. THESE POLICIES REQUIRED STATE AND LOCAL AGENCIES TO VERIFY THE LAWFUL PRESENCE OF APPLICANTS FOR PUBLIC BENEFITS, INCLUDING PROFESSIONAL, OCCUPATIONAL, AND COMMERCIAL LICENSES.

- (f) UNDOCUMENTED IMMIGRANTS WHO DO NOT HAVE THE REQUIRED DOCUMENTS TO ESTABLISH LAWFUL PRESENCE ARE PREVENTED FROM APPLYING FOR SUCH LICENSES, WHICH, IN TURN, PREVENTS THESE PERSONS FROM FULLY PARTICIPATING IN COLORADO'S ECONOMY AND ACCESSING STATE AND LOCAL PUBLIC BENEFITS, INCLUDING LOANS, GRANTS, CONTRACTS, FOOD AND HOUSING ASSISTANCE, ENERGY ASSISTANCE, AND OTHER BENEFITS;
- (g) Undocumented immigrants are ineligible for most federal benefits and were excluded from receiving federal stimulus money provided in the federal "CARES Act" Pub.L. 116-136, 134 Stat. 281 (2020), as amended. Local communities were restricted from providing their residents with crucial relief during the COVID-19 pandemic because of these anti-immigrant laws.
- 26 (h) IN 2018, VARIOUS INDUSTRIES INCLUDING CHILD CARE, AGRICULTURE, HEALTH CARE, K-12 EDUCATION, AND TRANSPORTATION

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1	AVERAGED BETWEEN ONE AND TWO AND ONE-HALF JOB OPENINGS PER
2	EVERY UNEMPLOYED WORKER, DEMONSTRATING A HIGH NEED FOR A
3	LARGER LABOR POOL; AND
4	(i) PROTECTING THE WELL-BEING OF THESE MEMBERS OF OUR
5	COMMUNITIES AND ENSURING THEIR ACCESS TO IMPORTANT PUBLIC
6	BENEFITS AND OPPORTUNITIES, PARTICULARLY DURING A GLOBAL HEALTH
7	CRISIS, MAKES OUR COMMUNITIES HEALTHIER, STRONGER, AND MORE
8	PROSPEROUS.
9	(2) Therefore, the general assembly declares it is the
10	PUBLIC POLICY OF THE STATE OF COLORADO THAT WE ENSURE THAT OUR
11	STATE-FUNDED PROGRAMS ARE NOT DENIED TO PEOPLE BASED ON THEIR
12	IMMIGRATION STATUS.
13	24-76.5-102. Definition. As used in this article 76.5, unless
14	THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES, "STATE OR LOCAL PUBLIC BENEFITS"
15	SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS PROVIDED IN 8 U.S.C. SEC. 1621.
16	24-76.5-103. Lawful presence consideration prohibited.
17	Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, pursuant to $8U.S.C.$
18	SEC. 1621 (d), ON OR AFTER JULY 1, $\underline{2022}$, LAWFUL PRESENCE IS NOT A
19	REQUIREMENT OF ELIGIBILITY FOR STATE OR LOCAL PUBLIC BENEFITS, AS
20	THOSE STATE OR LOCAL PUBLIC BENEFITS ARE DISTRIBUTED BY ANY STATE
21	AGENCY, POLITICAL SUBDIVISION AS DEFINED BY SECTION 29-1-202 (2), OR
22	HOME RULE MUNICIPALITY.
23	
24	SECTION 3. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 22-60.5-119, amend
25	(1) as follows:
26	22-60.5-119. Applications for licenses - authority to suspend
27	licenses - rules. (1) Every application by an individual for a license

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1	issued by the department of education or any authorized agent of such
2	department shall require the applicant's name AND address, and EITHER
3	THE APPLICANT'S social security number, THE APPLICANT'S INDIVIDUAL
4	TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER, OR ANOTHER DOCUMENT VERIFYING
5	THE APPLICANT'S IDENTITY AS DETERMINED BY THE STATE BOARD OF
6	EDUCATION.
7	SECTION 4. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-34-107, amend
8	(1)(a); and repeal (1)(b) as follows:
9	24-34-107. Applications for licenses - authority to suspend
10	licenses - rules. (1) (a) Every application by an individual for a license
11	issued pursuant to the authority set forth in titles 10, 11, and 12 C.R.S.,
12	by any division, board, or agency of the department of regulatory agencies
13	shall require REQUIRES the applicant's name, address, and social security
14	number. Subject to the exemptions found in 8 U.S.C. sec. 1621 (c)(2), to
15	the extent that any such license constitutes a professional license or
16	commercial license regulated by 8 U.S.C. sec. 1621, such division, board,
17	or agency may issue or renew any such license to an individual only if the
18	individual is lawfully present in the United States, and shall immediately
19	deny any such license or renewal thereof upon determining that the
20	individual is unlawfully present in the United States. The individual shall
21	prove his or her identity with a secure and verifiable document, as that
22	term is defined in section 24-72.1-102. The division, board, or agency
23	shall not sell or utilize for any purpose other than those specified in law
24	the information contained in the secure and verifiable document, and shall
25	keep such information confidential unless disclosure is required by law;
26	except that nothing in this paragraph (a) shall be construed to limit public
27	access to records that are available for public inspection pursuant to

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1	article /2 of this title. IF THE APPLICANT DOES NOT HAVE A SOCIAL
2	SECURITY NUMBER, THE DIVISION, BOARD, OR AGENCY SHALL REQUIRE THE
3	APPLICANT'S INDIVIDUAL TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER, OR
4	ANOTHER DOCUMENT VERIFYING THE APPLICANT'S IDENTITY, AS
5	DETERMINED BY SUCH DIVISION, BOARD, OR AGENCY.
6	(b) For purposes of this subsection (1), an individual is unlawfully
7	present in the United States if the individual is an alien who is not:
8	(I) A qualified alien as defined in 8 U.S.C. sec. 1641;
9	(II) A nonimmigrant under the "Immigration and Nationality Act",
10	federal Public Law 82-414, as amended; or
11	(III) An alien who is paroled into the United States under 8 U.S.C.
12	sec. 1182 (d)(5) for less than one year.
13	SECTION 5. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 30-15-401, repeal
14	(10) as follows:
15	30-15-401. General regulations - definitions. (10) (a) Subject
16	to the exemptions found in 8 U.S.C. sec. 1621 (c)(2), to the extent that a
17	license, permit, certificate, or other authorization to conduct business
18	issued by a county constitutes a professional license or commercial
19	license regulated by 8 U.S.C. sec. 1621, a county may issue such
20	authorization to an individual only if the individual is lawfully present in
21	the United States, and shall immediately deny any such authorization or
22	renewal thereof upon determining that the individual is unlawfully
23	present in the United States. The individual shall prove his or her identity
24	with a secure and verifiable document, as that term is defined in section
25	24-72.1-102, C.R.S. A county shall not sell or utilize for any purpose
26	other than those specified in law the information contained in the secure
27	and verifiable document, and shall keep such information confidential

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1	unless disclosure is required by law; except that nothing in this paragraph
2	(a) shall be construed to limit public access to records that are available
3	for public inspection pursuant to article 72 of title 24, C.R.S.
4	(b) For purposes of this subsection (10), an individual is
5	unlawfully present in the United States if the individual is an alien who
6	<u>is not:</u>
7	(I) A qualified alien as defined in 8 U.S.C. sec. 1641;
8	(II) A nonimmigrant under the "Immigration and Nationality Act",
9	federal Public Law 82-414, as amended; or
10	(III) An alien who is paroled into the United States under 8 U.S.C.
11	sec. 1182 (d)(5) for less than one year.
12	(c) This subsection (10) shall be enforced without regard to race,
13	religion, gender, ethnicity, or national origin.
14	SECTION 6. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 31-15-501, repeal
15	(2) as follows:
16	31-15-501. Powers to regulate businesses. (2) (a) Subject to the
17	exemptions found in 8 U.S.C. sec. 1621 (c)(2), to the extent that any
18	license, permit, certificate, or other authorization to conduct business
19	issued by a municipality constitutes a professional license or commercial
20	license regulated by 8 U.S.C. sec. 1621, the governing body of a
21	municipality may issue such authorization to an individual only if the
22	individual is lawfully present in the United States, and shall immediately
23	deny any such authorization or renewal thereof upon determining that the
24	individual is unlawfully present in the United States. The individual shall
25	prove his or her identity with a secure and verifiable document, as that
26	term is defined in section 24-72.1-102, C.R.S. A municipality shall not
2.7	sell or utilize for any purpose other than those specified in law the

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I	information contained in the secure and verifiable document, and shall
2	keep such information confidential unless disclosure is required by law;
3	except that nothing in this paragraph (a) shall be construed to limit public
4	access to records that are available for public inspection pursuant to
5	article 72 of title 24, C.R.S.
6	(b) For purposes of this subsection (2), an individual is unlawfully
7	present in the United States if the individual is an alien who is not:
8	(I) A qualified alien as defined in 8 U.S.C. sec. 1641;
9	(II) A nonimmigrant under the "Immigration and Nationality Act",
10	federal Public Law 82-414, as amended; or
11	(III) An alien who is paroled into the United States under 8 U.S.C.
12	sec. 1182 (d)(5) for less than one year.
13	(c) This subsection (2) shall be enforced without regard to race,
14	religion, gender, ethnicity, or national origin.
15	SECTION 7. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 42-2-505, amend
16	(2)(a) as follows:
17	42-2-505. Identification documents - individuals not lawfully
18	present - rules. (2) Document contents. (a) On an identification
19	document issued under PURSUANT TO this section, the department shall
20	place the phrase "Not valid for federal identification, voting, or FEDERAL
21	<u>public benefit</u> purposes" clearly displayed on the face and incorporated
22	into the machine readable zone. The department may use a substantially
23	similar phrase if required by federal law.
24	SECTION 8. In Colorado Revised Statutes, repeal article 17.5
25	of title 8.
26	SECTION 9. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 8-72-110, amend (3)
27	as follows:

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8-72-110. Reciprocal interstate agreements - rules. (3) (a) The
division is authorized to enter into arrangements with the appropriate
agencies of other states or the federal government whereby individuals
performing services in this and other states for employing units under
circumstances not specifically provided for in sections 8-70-126 to
8-70-140.7 or under similar provisions in the unemployment
compensation laws of such other states shall be ARE deemed to be
engaged in employment performed entirely within this state or within one
of such other states and whereby potential rights and benefits
accumulated under the unemployment compensation laws of several
states or under such a law of the federal government, or both, may
constitute the basis for the payment of benefits through a single
appropriate agency under terms that the department finds will be fair and
reasonable as to all affected interests and will not result in any substantial
loss to the fund. An individual applying for unemployment insurance
benefits through an interstate agreement authorized by this section who
is not a Colorado resident and is unable to produce a Colorado driver's
license or Colorado identification card shall produce one of the other
documents required by section 24-76.5-103 (4)(a), C.R.S., or LISTED IN
SUBSECTION (3)(b) OF THIS SECTION, a valid driver's license or state
identification card issued in another state, or, in the case of individuals
residing in Canada, a valid Canadian identification card or valid Canadian
driver's license, and execute an affidavit as described in section
24-76.5-103 (4)(b), C.R.S., stating that he or she THE INDIVIDUAL is a
United States citizen, a legal permanent resident, or otherwise lawfully
present in the United States pursuant to federal law.

(b) The following documents shall satisfy the production

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1	REQUIREMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (3)(a) OF THIS SECTION:
2	(I) A UNITED STATES MILITARY CARD OR A MILITARY DEPENDENT'S
3	IDENTIFICATION CARD;
4	(II) A UNITED STATES COAST GUARD MERCHANT MARINER CARD;
5	=
6	(III) A NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBAL <u>DOCUMENT; OR</u>
7	(IV) ANY OTHER DOCUMENT VERIFYING THE INDIVIDUAL'S
8	IDENTITY, AS DETERMINED BY THE DIVISION.
9	SECTION 10. In Colorado Revised Statutes, 24-21-521, repeal
10	(3)(b) and (4) as follows:
11	24-21-521. Commission as notary public - qualifications - no
12	immunity or benefit. (3) An applicant for a commission as a notary
13	public must:
14	(b) Be a citizen or permanent legal resident of the United States
15	or otherwise lawfully present in the United States;
16	(4) The secretary of state shall verify the lawful presence in the
17	United States of each applicant through the verification process outlined
18	<u>in section 24-76.5-103 (4).</u>
19	SECTION 11. Effective date. This act takes effect on July 1,
20	2022; except that section 1 takes effect upon passage.
21	SECTION <u>12.</u> Safety clause. The general assembly hereby finds,
22	determines, and declares that this act is necessary for the immediate
23	preservation of the public peace, health, or safety.

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